FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020 and 2019

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BERGER, GHERSI & LADUKE PLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

300 East Long Lake Road, Suite 135 Bloomfield Hills, Michigan 48304-2430 (248) 333-3680 Fax (248) 333-0226 Website: www.bglcpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of **Kids Kicking Cancer, Inc.** Southfield, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of

Kids Kicking Cancer, Inc. (a Michigan not-for-profit corporation)

which comprise the Statements of Financial Position as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related Statements of Activities, Functional Expenses, and Cash Flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **Kids Kicking Cancer**, **Inc.** as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

BERGER GHERSI & LADUKE PLO

Certified Public Accountants

August 31, 2021

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS

		_	2020		2019
Current assets:					
Cash		\$	977,251	\$	1,678,481
Short-term investments			902,137	17	250,000
Prepaid expenses			13,769		21,664
Total current assets			1,893,157		1,950,145
Net property and equipment			61,945		90,335
Total assets		\$	1,955,102	\$	2,040,480
	LIABILITY AND NET AS	SSETS	3		
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		\$	7,224	\$	4,000
PPP loan payable			184,886		
Total current liabilities:			192,110		4,000
Net assets:					
Without donor restrictions					
Undesignated			1,063,976		1,662,780
Designation by the Board			42,968		45,045
			1,106,944		1,707,825
With donor restrictions					
Designated by donor			656,048		328,655
			656,048		328,655
Total net assets			1,762,992	_	2,036,480
Total liability and net assets		\$	1,955,102	\$	2,040,480

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

		2020				
		ithout Donor Restrictions		Vith Donor Restrictions		Total
Revenue:						
Contribution income	\$	1,289,194	\$	1,007,700	\$	2,296,894
Investment income		13,203				13,203
Donated materials and services		90,984				90,984
Net assets released from restrictions	7	680,307	_	(680,307)	_	
Total revenue	9	2,073,688	184	327,393	_	2,401,081
Expenses:						
Program expenses		1,928,978				1,928,978
Management and general		372,972				372,972
Fundraising		372,619				372,619
Total expenses		2,674,569				2,674,569
Change in net assets		(600,881)		327,393		(273,488)
Net assets, beginning of year		1,707,825		328,655		2,036,480
Net assets, end of year	\$	1,106,944	\$	656,048	\$	1,762,992
				2019		
	Wi	thout Donor	V	/ith Donor		
	R	estrictions	R	estrictions		Total
Revenue:						
Contribution income	\$	1,320,308	\$	365,800	\$	1,686,108
State grants		186,950				186,950
Investment income		37,344				37,344
Donated materials and services		278,175				278,175
Net assets released from restrictions		295,357		(295,357)		-
Total revenue		2,118,134		70,443		2,188,577
Expenses:						
Program expenses		1,869,261				1,869,261
Management and general		331,051				331,051
Fundraising		230,284	7			230,284
Total expenses		2,430,596				2,430,596
Change in net assets		(312,462)		70,443		(242,019)
Net assets, beginning of year		2,020,287		258,212		2,278,499
Net assets, end of year	\$	1,707,825	\$	328,655	\$	2,036,480
					_	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020			2019
Cash flows from operating activities: Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net	\$	(273,488)	\$	(242,019)
cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		28,390		28,784
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable	_	7,895 3,224	2	(8,789) (13,132)
Cash flows from operating activities		(233,979)		(235,156)
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase/redemption of investments		(652,137)		750,000
Cash flows from investing activities		(652,137)		750,000
Cash flows from financing activities: PPP loan proceeds	_	184,886		
Cash flows from financing activities:	_	184,886	_	-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(701,230)		514,844
Cash, beginning of year	Q	1,678,481		1,163,637
Cash, end of year	\$	977,251	\$	1,678,481
Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid	\$	-	\$	

STATEMENTS OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020							
	_	Program	Ma an	nagement d General	Fu	ndraising	_	Total
Salaries and wages Payroll tax expense Health insurance	\$	723,737 63,408 34,680	\$	200,785 16,332 6,669	\$	118,925 9,573 3,112		1,043,447 89,313 44,461
Employer 401(k) match Payroll and benefit services Workers' compensation insurance	_	920 - 1,359		17,780 5,303 <u>6,343</u>	4	6,790 - <u>1,359</u>	. <u>. </u>	25,490 5,303 9,061
Total payroll expenses		824,104		253,212		139,759		1,217,075
Advertising Automobile expenses Business expenses Credit card processing fees Depreciation		23,627 3,049 2,397 - 24,516		4,725 191 2,398 9,534 1,937		3,150 571 2,397 - 1,937		31,502 3,811 7,192 9,534 28,390
Technical & Creative Services Donated services Family support Fundraising Insurance		47,986 85,984 32,171 40 14,421		8,621		5,332 - 160 -		53,318 85,984 32,171 200 23,042
Occupancy costs and maintenance Office and business expenses Outside contract services Patient transportation Postage and delivery		71,003 15,002 127,143 2,162 6,728		21,848 7,501 17,338 - 1,441		16,385 7,501 144,480 - 1,441		109,236 30,004 288,961 2,162 9,610
Printing Professional fees Program expenses Supplies Technology		21,728 - 317,483 64,309 206,273		2,897 10,110 - - 27,503		4,346 - - - 41,255		28,971 10,110 317,483 64,309 275,031
Travel - local Travel expenses Uniforms and equipment Utilities	_	5,229 5,073 12,854 15,696		3,363		895 - 3,363		5,229 5,968 12,854 22,422
Total expenses	\$	1,928,978	\$	372,619	\$	372,972	\$	2,674,569

STATEMENTS OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES (continued) For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	2019							
				nagement	N_000			0.000 (Apr. 1970)
	J	Program	an	d General	Fui	ndraising	-	Total
Salaries and wages	\$	533,067	\$	178,183	\$	102,593	\$	813,843
Payroll tax expense		39,053	10701	12,797	(36)	7,461		59,311
Health insurance		23,541		14,999		3,343		41,883
Employer 401(k) match		7,543		1,424		1,461		10,428
Payroll and benefit services				16,288		1, 10 1		16,288
Workers' compensation insurance		4,395		942		942	_	6,279
Total payroll expenses		607,599		224,633		115,800		948,032
SECTION SEATON SECURIOR COMPANY STATES AND A PROPERTY SECTION OF		1000 A 7,700 A # 97% A 6 CTV				101.10m# minor		
Advertising		2,905		2,993		2,905		8,803
Automobile expenses		3,566		223		669		4,458
Business expenses		4,149		4,149		4,148		12,446
Credit card processing fees		-		7,554		*** ** ***		7,554
Depreciation		28,587		99		98		28,784
Design services		12,568				6,190		18,758
Donated services		273,175		-		-		273,175
Family support		3,221		-		-		3,221
Fundraising		10,121				40,485		50,606
Insurance		14,544		6,658		-		21,202
Occupancy costs		33,768		7,236		7,236		48,240
Office and business expenses		19,509		9,755		9,754		39,018
Outside contract services		300,951		43,511		18,129		362,591
Patient transportation		5,421				-		5,421
Postage and delivery		2,023		2,084		2,023		6,130
Printing		18,118		2,788		6,968		27,874
Professional fees				7,610				7,610
Program expenses		370,638				-		370,638
Supplies		34,049		-		-		34,049
Travel - local		28,328		84		28		28,328
Travel expenses		61,424		:=1		10,840		72,264
Uniforms and equipment		17,799		-		(A)		17,799
Utilities	_	16,798		11,758		5,039		33,595
Total expenses	\$	1,869,261	\$	331,051	\$	230,284	\$	2,430,596

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Nature of activities</u> - Kids Kicking Cancer, Inc. (KKC) is a domestic, not-for-profit corporation whose purpose is to develop programs to ease the pain of very sick children while empowering them to heal physically, spiritually and emotionally.

Method of accounting - The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Consequently, revenue is recognized when earned and expense is recognized when the obligation is incurred.

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> - KKC defines cash and cash equivalents as highly liquid, short-term investments with a maturity at the date of acquisition of three months or less.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at their fair values in the statement of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets. Investment income and gains restricted by a donor are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions are met (either by passage of time or by use) in the reporting period in which the income and gains are recognized. Short-term investments consist of debt securities with original maturities of twelve months or less. Long-term investments consist of debt securities with original maturities greater than twelve months.

<u>Promises to give</u> - Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to the Organization that is, in substance, unconditional. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions expire in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions. There were no unconditional promises to give made in 2020 or 2019 that were not received by year end.

Accounts receivable - The Organization uses the allowance method to determine uncollectible promises receivable. The allowance is based on prior years' experience and management's analysis of specific promises made. As there were no unconditional promises to give not collected by December 31, 2020 and 2019, there are no accounts receivable recorded in these financial statements. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary at December 31, 2020 or 2019.

<u>Property and equipment</u> - Capital additions to property and equipment exceeding \$5,000 are recorded at cost if purchased or, if donated, at fair market value at the date of the gift. Depreciation is provided on the straightline basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally three to ten years. Total depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2020 or 2019 was \$28,390 and \$28,784, respectively.

Income taxes - KKC is a not-for-profit organization that is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and classified by the Internal Revenue Service as other than a private foundation.

KKC's Forms 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax, are subject to examination by the IRS, generally for three years after they were filed.

<u>Functional allocation of expenses</u> - The costs of program and supporting services activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the Statements of Activities. The Statements of Functional Expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Net assets - Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor- or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of KKC are classified and reported as follows:

<u>Net assets without donor restrictions</u> - Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions.

Net assets with donor restrictions - Net assets subject to donor- (or certain grantor-) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

Revenue recognition - KKC receives substantially all of its revenue from individual and corporate donors in the form of contributions.

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized in the period received. Conditional promises are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is when the conditions on which they depend, are substantially met.

KKC reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted contributions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets.

<u>Grants and contributions</u> – Unconditional grants and contributions received are recorded as net assets with donor restrictions or net assets without donor restrictions depending on the existence or nature of any donor restrictions. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or the purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Revenue is recognized on the date the condition is met.

<u>Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

NOTE B - Concentration of Credit Risk

KKC has concentrated its credit risk for cash by maintaining deposits in financial institutions which may, at times, exceed amounts covered by insurance provided by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. KKC has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk to cash.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE C - Date of Management's Review

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the auditors' report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

The impact on KKC's 2021 financial activities cannot be assessed as of the date of our audit report as there exists a significant uncertainty about the future impact of COVID-19 on the global economy during this ongoing pandemic situation.

On April 24, 2020, KKC received loan proceeds in the amount of \$184,866 under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP"). The PPP, established as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), provides for loans to qualifying businesses for amounts up to 2.5 times of the average monthly payroll expenses of the qualifying business. The loans and accrued interest are forgivable after twenty-four weeks as long as the borrower uses the loan proceeds for eligible purposes, including payroll, benefits, rent and utilities, and maintains its payroll levels. The amount of loan forgiveness will be reduced if the borrower terminates employees or reduces salaries during the twenty-four-week period.

The unforgiven portion of the PPP loan is payable over two years at an interest rate of 1.0%, with a deferral of payments for the first six months. KKC has used the proceeds for purposes consistent with the PPP and believes its use of the loan proceeds will meet the conditions for forgiveness of the loan.

On April 12, 2021, KKC received a second PPP loan in the amount of \$222,695 subject to the same terms.

NOTE D - Property and Equipment

The major categories of property and equipment at December 31 are summarized as follows:

	Depreciable <u>Lives</u>	<u></u>	2020	2019
Computers and equipment Program/Medical equipment Vehicles	5 to 10 years 5 years 5 years	\$	3,950 38,747 143,770	\$ 3,950 38,747 143,770
Total property and equipment			186,467	186,467
Less: Accumulated depreciation		,	124,522	 96,132
Net property and equipment		\$	61,945	\$ 90,335

NOTE E - Donated Materials and Services

The value of donated materials, included as contributions on the Statement of Activities, was \$59,149 and \$234,780 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. These materials were used for and are included in program expenses on the Statements of Functional Expenses, with \$5,000 of donated materials per year categorized in uniforms.

The value of donated services, included as contributions on the Statements of Activities, was \$26,835 and \$38,395 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. These services were used for and are included in program expenses on the Statements of Functional Expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE F - Advertising Costs

Advertising costs were expensed as incurred. Total advertising expense for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$31,502 and \$8,803, respectively.

NOTE G - Concentration of Donors

In 2020 and 2019, approximately 17% and 14%, respectively, of total revenue was received from one donor.

NOTE H - Leases

KKC has a 3 year lease agreement which began in June 2013 for its administrative office. The lease was first amended on April 12, 2016 for an additional 3 years. On December 17, 2019, the lease was amended a second time for an additional 3 years. The lease calls for base rental payments of \$6,652 per month through December 31, 2021, and base rental payments of \$7,136 per month through December 31, 2022.

Minimum payments under the administrative lease are as follows for the years ending December 31:

2021 \$ 79,826 2022 \$ 85,631

Total rental expense for the administrative offices for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 totaled \$79,826 and \$48,000, respectively, and are included in occupancy costs on the Statements of Functional Expenses.

KKC has an automobile lease with an original lease date of August 20, 2018. Monthly payments of \$318 commenced on August 20, 2018. These amounts are included in automobile expenses on the Statements of Functional Expenses. The term of the lease is 36 months.

Minimum payments under this lease are as follows for the years ending December 31:

2021 \$ 2,326

NOTE I - Functional Expenses

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include occupancy, depreciation, and amortization, which are allocated on a square footage basis, as well as salaries and wages, benefits, payroll taxes, professional services, office expenses, information technology, interest, insurance, and other, which are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE J - Retirement Plan

KKC has a 401(k) retirement savings plan which covers all eligible employees. KKC matches employee contributions up to a maximum of 4% of their salary. The matching contribution was \$25,490 and \$10,348 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

NOTE K - Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes or periods:

	2	2020		2019
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose:				
Impact 100 Grant	\$	77,579	\$	26,300
Martial Arts Art Therapy Program		171,954		120,500
Heroes Circle; Children Healing Children		9,810		Hard Hall States Godesa's
Heroes Circle Danto Incubator		46,705		-
The Healing Hero		350,000		-
KKC - Oak Park Schools Program			_	181,855
Total	\$	656,048	\$	328,655

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by occurrence of the passage of time or other events specified by the donors as follows for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	_	2020	_	2019
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose:				
Impact 100 Grant	\$	24,421	\$	-
Martial Arts Art Therapy Program		115,546		91,701
Heroes Circle; Children Healing Children		5,190		-
Heroes Circle Danto Incubator		303,295		-
KKC - Oak Park Schools Program	X	181,855	-	203,656
Total	\$	630,307	\$	295,357

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE L - Board Designations Net Assets Without Restrictions

KKC's governing board through specific action or through management policy has created self-imposed limits on net assets without donor restrictions. The board has earmarked \$42,969 and \$45,045 for the following purposed as of December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	 2020	_	2019
For funding KKC's virtual reality program	\$ 42,969	\$	45.045

NOTE M - Liquidity and Availability of Financial Assets

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet, comprise the following:

	_	2020	(2019
Cash and cash equivalents Mutual funds	\$	977,251 902.137	\$	1,678,481
Short-term investments		-	<u></u>	250,000
Total	\$	1,879,388	\$	1,928,481

All board and donor amounts with restrictions limiting use at year end were designated to be used within a year.

As part of KKC's liquidity management plan, KKC invests cash in excess of daily requirements in short-term investments, CDs, and money market funds. In 2020, KKC opened an investment account to invest excess cash in mutual funds.

NOTE N - Fair Value Measurements

KKC reports required types of financial instruments in accordance with fair value accounting standards. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, KKC attempts to utilize valuation methods that maximize the use of observable inputs. Based on the observability of the inputs used in the valuation methods, the information is provided according to the fair value hierarchy, classified in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE N - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

KKC holds short-term investments that are excess operating cash. These investments are meant to be short-term and able to convert to cash if needed to cover operating expenses. Short-term investments consist of commercial paper with original maturities of greater than three months but less than one year. These investments are considered available-for-sale and are recorded at fair value. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the difference between the fair value of the short-term investments and the original cost was not material.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets:

Certificates of deposit (traditional): Valued at cost, which approximates fair value. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, short term investments consisted of certificate of deposit at financial institutions, with interest rates ranging from .01% to 1.41% and with various maturity dates.

Mutual funds. The fair value of mutual funds is based on quoted net asset values of the shares as reported by the fund. The mutual funds held by the Plan are open-end mutual funds registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The funds must publish their daily net asset value and transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the Plan are considered to be actively traded.

The fair value measurements and levels within the fair value hierarchy of those measurements for the assets reported at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	Assets at Fair Value as of:				
	Fair Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
December 31, 2020: Mutual funds	\$ 902,137	\$	\$ 902,137	\$	
Total investments at fair value	\$ 902,137	\$	\$ 902,137	<u>\$</u>	
		Assets at F	air Value as of:		
	Fair Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
December 31, 2019: Certificates of deposit	\$ 250,000	\$	\$ 250,000	\$	
Total investments at fair value	\$ 250,000	\$	\$ 250,000	\$	

NOTE O - New accounting pronouncements

During 2019, KKC adopted Accounting Standards Codification (ASU 2014-09), *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (Topic 606), as amended. This includes criteria on how entities recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Management has determined that this ASU did not significantly impact KKC's financial statements. Analysis of the various provisions of this standard resulted in no significant changes in the way KKC recognizes revenue; however, the presentation and disclosure of revenue has been enhanced.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2020 and 2019

NOTE N - New accounting pronouncements

During the year ended December 31, 2020, KKC adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) Accounting Standard Update (ASU) 2018-08, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made. The ASU provides additional guidance in (1) evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as contributions (within the scope of ASU 958) or as exchange (reciprocal) transactions (subject to ASC 606); and (2) distinguishing between conditional and unconditional contributions. Management believes that the adoption of this ASU enhanced the comparability of financial information among not-for-profit entities. This change in accounting principle was adopted on a modified prospective basis in 2020. As a result, there was no cumulative-effect adjustment to opening net assets without donor restrictions or opening net assets with donor restrictions as of January 1, 2020. The impact of adoption was not material to the financial statements.

FASB issued ASU 2019-01, Leases (Topic 842). The ASU changes the accounting treatment for operating leases by recognizing a lease asset and lease liability at the present value of the lease payments in the Statement of Financial Position and disclosing key information about leasing arrangement. The ASU is effective for non public entities beginning after December 15, 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The ASU can be applied at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach or applied at the beginning of the period of adoption recognizing a cumulative-effect adjustment.

KKC plans to adopt the new ASU at the required implementation date and management is currently in the process of evaluating the adoption method and the impact of the new standard on its accompanying financial statements.